# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**



## Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: EPICHLOROHYDRIN

Alternative names: 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, 3-chloro-1,2-

epoxypropane

Chemical name: Epichlorohydrin CAS Number: 106-89-8 EC Number: 203-439-8

REACH Registration No. 01-2119457436-33-XXXX

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified use(s): Chemical intermediate. To be handled under strictly

controlled conditions.

Uses advised against: Professional use; Consumer use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: East Harbour Group Ltd

20 Clough Road, Severalls Industrial Park

Colchester, Essex, CO4 9QS

United Kingdom

**Telephone:** +44 (0) 333 242 0100

Email: <a href="mailto:info@eastharbourgroup.com">info@eastharbourgroup.com</a>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: 0800 246 1274

## Section 2: Hazardous identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

### Self-classification:

Acute Tox. 3: Toxic if swallowed Acute Tox. 3: Toxic if inhaled

Acute Tox. 3: Toxic in contact with skin

Aquatic Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Carc. 1B: May cause cancer

Eye Dam. 1: Causes serious eye damage. Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Repr. 2: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Skin Corr. 1B: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Skin Sens. 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### 2.2 Label elements

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)



Product Name

Hazardous Pictogram(s)

**EPICHLOROHYDRIN** 









Signal Word(s)

Hazard Statement(s)

Danger

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H331: Toxic if inhaled. H350: May cause cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s)

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face

protection.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Additional label requirements None.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

2.4 Additional information

For full text of H/P Statements see Section 16.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Hazardous ingredient(s)	CAS No.	EC No./REACH Registration No.	%W/W	Hazard Statement(s)	Hazard Pictogram(s)	Specific concentration limits; M-Factor
1-chloro-2,3- epoxypropane	106-89-8	203-439-8 01-2119457436-	99-100	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	GHS02	None.
epichlorohydrin		33-XXXX		Acute Tox. 3 H301	GHS06	
				Acute Tox. 3 H311	GHS05	
				Skin Corr. 1B H314	GHS08	
				Skin Sens. 1 H317		
				Eye Dam. 1 H318		
				Acute Tox. 3 H331		



Carc. 1B H350	
Repr. 2 H361	
Aquatic Chronic	
3 H412	

3.2 Mixtures Not applicable

#### Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Administer

oxygen if available and artificial respiration if necessary. TRANSFER TO

HOSPITAL IMMEDIATELY.

**Skin contact:** Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with waster for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTRE/doctor.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON

CETNRE/doctor. TRANSFER TO HOSPITAL IMMEDIATELY.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: High concentrations: May cause: Headache, Dizziness, Tiredness, Nausea,

Vomiting. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Risk of: Lung oedema,

Chemical pneumonitis. Causes damage to the central nervous system if

inhaled.

Skin Contact: Irritation, Redness, Swelling of tissue, Burns. Can be absorbed through the

skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye Contact:** Redness, Lachrymation. Causes severe eye irritation. Risk of temporary

eye lesions.

**Ingestion:** May cause nausea, vomiting, severe abdominal pain and diarrhoea,

Causes severe irritation. Risk of convulsions, loss of consciousness, deep coma and cardiopulmonary arrest. May cause: Liver and kidney injuries

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In the case of difficulty of opening the lids, administer an analgesic eye wash (oxybuprocaine). Obtain immediate medical attention. Medical examination necessary even only on suspicion of intoxication.

### Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1 Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Suitable extinguishing media: In case of fire, use: Foam, CO2 or dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water jet spray

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapour. Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes: Hydrogen chloride gas, Phosgene, Carbon monoxide

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# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**



### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. If it is safe to do so, containers should be removed from fire area because they are likely to rupture under fire conditions. Dike fire control water for later disposal.

### Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Provide adequate ventilation. Remove all ignition sources. Ensure full personal protection (including respiratory protection) during removal of spillages. Stop leak if safe to do so. Cover the spreading liquid with foam in order to slow down the evaporation.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable absorbent material. Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable absorbent material. Earth may be shovelled to contain spillage and to avoid contamination of sewers and watercourses.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See also Section 8, 13.

### 6.5 Additional information

None

## Section 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Equipment should be earthed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Appropriate packaging: Stainless steel, Steel (drums).

Storage temperature Ambient.

Storage life Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents, Earth metals, Alcohols, amines, Alkalis.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Contact supplier for further information.



### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

### 8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

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Substance	CAS No.	LTEL (8hr	LTEL (8hr	STEL	STEL	Note
		TWA ppm)	TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	
1-Chloro-2,3- epoxypropane	106-89-8	Check for country specific OELs				
(Epichlorohydrin)						

### 8.1.2 PNECs and DNELs

DNEL/DMEL	Oral	Inhalation	Dermal
Industry - Long Term - Local effects		1.52 mg/m³	
Industry - Long Term - Systemic effects		1.52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Industry - Short term - Local effects		1.52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Industry - Short term - Local effects		1.52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Consumer - Long Term - Local effects			
Consumer - Long Term - Local effects			
Consumer - Short term - Local effects			
Consumer - Short term - Systemic effects			

Environment	PNEC
Aquatic Compartment (including sediment)	Fresh water: 0.0106 mg/l
	Marine water: 0.00106 mg/l
	Fresh water (sediment): 0.0572 mg/kg(dw)
	Marine water (sediment): 0.00572 mg/kg(dw)
	Intermittent release: 0.106 mg/l
Terrestrial compartment	Soil: 0.00522 mg/kg(dw)
	Sewage treatment plant: 27.5 mg/l
Atmospheric Compartment	Not known.

## 8.2 Exposure controls /

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment, and intrinsically safe electrical systems. Use with ventilation, local exhaust ventilation or breathing protection. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.

### 8.2.2 Personal protective equipment



**Eye protection:** Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166). Goggles giving protection to eyes



**Skin protection:** Wear protective clothing and gloves: Impervious gloves (EN 374). The following materials are suitable for protective gloves (permeation time >= 8 hours): Butyl rubber (0.5mm). Unsuitable gloves materials: Natural rubber, Nitrile rubber, Fluorocarbon rubber (0.4 mm), Polychloroprene CR (0.5 mm), Polyvinyl Chloride.



**Respiratory protection** A suitable mask with filter type A (EN14387 or EN405) may be appropriate. For high (or unknown) concentrations suitable respiratory equipment with positive air supply must be worn (EN 139 air-line BA or EN 137 self-contained BA).

# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**





Thermal hazards Not applicable.

### 8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls

Avoid release to the environment

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Colour

Odour

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit

Flash Point

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition Temperature (°C)

pΗ

Kinematic Viscosity

Solubility

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Vapour pressure (Pa)

Density and/or relative density (g/ml)

Relative vapour density Particle characteristics

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight Explosive properties

Odour threshold

Dynamic viscosity (mPa.s)

Evaporation rate Surface tension Liquid. Colourless.

Pungent.

-57°C @ 1013.25hPa 117°C @ 1013hPa

Flammable liquid and vapour.

3.8 - 21.0 %(V)

28°C @ 1013hPa [Closed cup], 40°C @ 1013hPa

[Open cup]

385°C @ 1013hPa

ca. 225°C

Not established.

Not known.

Solubility (Water): 65.9g/l @ 25°C @ pH: 6-8 Solubility (Other): Soluble in: Common organic

solvents.

Log Pow: 0.45 @ pH: 6.8-7.1

22.8hPa @ 25°C 1.18 @ 20°C

3.2

Not applicable.

92.53g/mol

May form explosive mixtures with air. Oxidising properties Not oxidising. Corrosivity Non-corrosive

Not established.

Dynamic viscosity: 1.037mPa•s @ 20°C

Not available.

72.3mN/m 1.01g/l @ 21.5°C (solution)

### Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

May decompose on long exposure to light. Risk of

explosion

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**



**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Strong oxidizers, alkali metals and alkaline earth

metals may cause fires or explosions.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Avoid friction, sparks, or other means of ignition.

Avoid overheating. Keep away from direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**Oxidizing agents, Earth metals, Alcohols, amines,

Alkalis.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**Thermal decomposition will evolve: Hydrogen

chloride gas, Phosgene, Carbon monoxide

## Section 11: Toxicological Information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

LD50 (rat) (male): 282mg/kg LD50 (rat) (female): 175mg/kg

Acute toxicity - Skin Contact Toxic in contact with skin.

LD50 (rat) (male/female): 515mg/kg

Toxic if inhaled.

LC50 (rat) (Vapour): 4114mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Not classified. Not classified. May cause cancer.

Oral (Target Organs: Stomach)

LOAEL (rat) (prolonged exposure): 2mg/kg Inhalation (Target Organs: Nasal inner lining) LOAEC (rat) (prolonged exposure): 113mg/m³ Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Toxicity to reproduction/Fertility Oral (Target Organs: male

reproductive organs)

NOAEL parent: (rat) (male): 25mg/kg

Effects on fertility

Oral NOAEL parent: (rat) (females): 100mg/kg Highest dose tested no observed effect

Inhalation (Target Organs: male reproductive organs)

NOAEC parent: (rat) (male): 5ppm(m)

Effects on fertility

Inhalation

Highest dose tested no observed effect

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments. Developmental Toxicity, Teratogenicity

Inhalation

NOAEL teratogenicity: (rat) (female): 25ppm(m)

Reproductive toxicity

Acute toxicity - Inhalation

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin sensitization data

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization data

# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**



NOAEL maternal: (rat) (female): 2.5ppm(m)

No effect observed on development, no teratogenic effects

have been observed

Inhalation

NOAEL teratogenicity: (rabbit) (female): 25ppm(m) NOAEL maternal: (rabbit) (females): 25ppm(m)

No effect observed on development, no teratogenic effects

have been observed

Not classified.

Not classified. Not classified.

Oral (Target Organs: Stomach)

NOAEL (rat) (male/female): 1mg/kg/day

Inhalation

Lactation

STOT - single exposure

STOT - repeated exposure

NOAEL (rat) (male/female): 18.9mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Inhalation

Aspiration hazard

NOAEL (mouse)(male/female): 18.9mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Not classified.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Not known.

## **Section 12: Ecological Information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity - Aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity - Fish

Toxicity - Algae

Toxicity - Sediment Compartment Toxicity - Terrestrial Compartment Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Daphnia magna (Water flea) EC50 (48 hour): 23.9mg/l

Pimephales promelas (Fathead minnow)

LC50 (96 hour): 10.6mg/l

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

EC50 (72 hour) (Growth rate): 15mg/l

Not classified. Not classified.

### 12.2 Persistence and Degradation

Abiotic Degradation

Stability in water half-life: 7.3d @ 68°F (20°C) @ pH: 4.0, 7.0,

9.0

Photodegradation: Medium, air

Indirect photo-oxidation

Half-life indirect photolysis: 36.5 Days

Biodegradation Biodegradability

Aerobic

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301: ca. 18%, 14 Days

Not readily biodegradable.

# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**



Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 (by analogy): 92.5%, 14

Days

Readily biodegradable.

Method: Degradation in sewage treatment plants (by

analogy): 98%, 2 hour(s).

The substance is considered to be rapidly degradable in the environment.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: The substance has no

potential for bioaccumulation.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): The substance does not

bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption potential (Koc)

Water: The substance evaporates slowly.

Emission to air: Hydrolysis Soil: Considerable percolation.

12.5 Result of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None known

12.7 Other adverse effects

Microorganisms

NOEC (Pseudomonas putida) (16 hour(s)): 27.5 mg/l

### Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling. The organic ingredients can be incinerated in a suitable installation when in accordance with local regulations.

### 13.2 Additional Information

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

## **Section 14: Transport Information**

### 14.1 UN number or ID number

UN No. 2023

## 14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN proper shipping name EPICHLOROHYDRIN

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**ADR/RID Class** 

6.1 6.1

IMDG Class

0.1

IMDG EMS

Not available



### **ICAO/IATA**

Excepted Quantities Not applicable Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Limited Not applicable

Quantities Packing Instructions
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Limited

Not applicable

Quantities Max net Qty

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Packing Instructions
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Max net Qty
Cargo Aircraft Packing Instructions
Cargo Aircraft Max net Qty
Not applicable

ADR Classification Code TF1
ADR HIN 63
ADR Transport Category 2
Tunnel Restriction Code D/E

Emergency Action Code Not applicable APP Advice on Additional Personal Protection (APP) Not applicable

### 14.4 Packing group

Packing group II Labels 6.1 +3





Special Provisions279Limited Quantities100mExcepted QuantitiesE4

Mixed Packing Instructions for Packages P001 IBC02
Special Packing Provisions for Packages Not applicable

Mixed Packing Instructions for Packages MP15

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Environmental hazards Not classified as a Marine Pollutant

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

Special precautions for user Not known.

## 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Product Name EPICHLOROHYDRIN

Ship Type 2
Pollution Category Y
Packing Instructions for Portable Tanks T7
Special Provisions for Portable Tanks TP2
Tank Code for Tanks L4BH
Special Provisions for Tanks TU15 TE19

Vehicle for Tank Carriage FL

# **EPICHLOROHYDRIN**



Special Provisions for Carriage - Packages
Special Provisions for Carriage - Bulk
Special Provisions for Carriage - Loading,
Unloading and Handling

Not applicable
CV13 CV28

Special Provisions for Carriage - Operation S2 S9 S19

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

### **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European Regulations - Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use
Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Not listed
REACH: ANNEX XIV list of substances subject to authorisation

Not listed

REACH: Annex XVII Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane

and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (106-89-8)

Listed under Entry No28.
Listed under Entry No40.

Community Rolling Action Plan (CoRAP)

Regulation (EC) N° 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the

Not listed

Regulation (EC) N° 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on persistent organic pollutants

Regulation (EC) N° 2037/2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer Not listed

Regulation (EU) N° 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council Not listed concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals

SEVESO SUBSTANCE (Directive 2012/18/EU)
Yes.

Seveso Code	Description	Lower Tier Qualifying quantity (te)	Upper Tier Qualifying quantity (te)
P5a	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (stored at above boiling point)	10	50
P5b	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (high press/temp process conditions)	50	200
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (stored at below boiling point)	5000	50000
H2	ACUTE TOXIC Category 3, inhalation exposure route	50	200

### **National regulations**

Germany Wassergefährdungsklasse (WGK) Kenn-Numm: 92 WGK 3

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A REACH chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### 15.3 Inventory Status

Listed in: Australia (AICS), Canada (DSL/NDSL), China (IECSC), European Union (EINECS/ELINCS), Japan (ENCS), South Korea (KECI), Mexico (INSQ), New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS), Switzerland, Taiwan (TCSI), Thailand, United States (TSCA).



#### **Section 16: Other Information**

#### **LEGEND**

#### Hazard Pictogram(s)









GHS02

**Hazard Statement(s)** 

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

GHS06

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H350: May cause cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary Statement(s)

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe vapour. P261: Avoid breathing vapours.

P264: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.



P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P311: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P321: Specific treatment (see on this label).

P330: Rinse mouth.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P361+P364: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse. P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363: Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use water spray, foam, dry powder or CO2 to extinguish.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste.

Acronyms

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of

substances and mixtures

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level EC: European Community

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LTEL: Long term exposure limit

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

UN: United Nations

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### **Disclaimers**

Information contained in this publication or as otherwise supplied to Users is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith, but it is for the Users to satisfy themselves of the suitability of the product for their own particular purpose.