

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Acetic Anhydride

CAS Number: 108-24-7 **EC Number:** 203-564-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: East Harbour Group Ltd

20 Clough Road, Severalls Industrial Park

Colchester, Essex, CO4 9QS

United Kingdom

Telephone: +44 (0) 333 242 0100

Email: info@eastharbourgroup.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: 0800 246 1274

Section 2: Hazardous identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Flammable liquids, (Category 3)	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute toxicity, (Category 4)	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, (Category 2)	H330	Fatal if inhaled.
Skin corrosion, (Sub-category 1B)	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, (Category 1)	H318	Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Pictogram



Signal word Danger



Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water.

P304 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard Statements

none

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Lachrymator., Reacts violently with water.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Formula: C₄H₆O₃
Molecular weight: 102.09 g/mol
CAS-No.: 108-24-7
EC-No.: 203-564-8
Index-No.: 607-008-00-9

Component	Classification	Concentration
Acetic anhydride		
CAS-No. 108-24-7	Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4; Acute Tox. 2; Skin	<= 100 %
EC-No. 203-564-8	Corr.1B; Eye Dam. 1; H226, H302, H330, H314,	
Index-No. 607-008-00-9	H318 Concentration limits: >= 25 %: Skin Corr.	
	1B, H314; 5 - < 25 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 5 - < 25	



%: Eye Dam. 1, H318; 1 - < 5 %: Eye Irrit. 2,	
H319; >= 5 %: STOT SE 3, 335;	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call-in physician. If breathing stops immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water Foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters



Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons. Reacts violently with water.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated



Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Value	Basis
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	STEL	2 ppm 10 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace
-				Exposure Limits
		TWA	0.5 ppm 2.5 g/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace
				Exposure Limits

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Application Area	Routes of exposure	Health effect	Value
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	Local effects	12.6 mg/m3
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	Systemic effects	4.2 mg/m3
Worker DNEL, long-term	inhalation	Local effects	4.2 mg/m3
Worker DNEL, long-term	dermal	Systemic effects	-

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Compartment	Value	
Fresh water	3.058 mg/l	
Sea water	0.3058 mg/l	
Aquatic intermittent release	30.58 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	11.36 mg/kg	
Sea sediment	1.136 mg/kg	
Soil	0.47 mg/kg	
Sewage treatment plant	115 mg/l	

8.2 Exposure controls /

Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Latex gloves

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Minimum layer thickness: 0.6 mm Break through time: 60 min

Material tested:Lapren® (KCL 706 / Aldrich Z677558, Size M)

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system. Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colour

Odor

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flash point

Autoignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

pН

Viscosity

Water solubility

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Vapor pressure

Density

Relative density Relative vapor density

Particle characteristics Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

9.2 Other safety information

liquid colourless pungent

Melting point/range: -73 °C - lit.

138 - 140 °C - lit. No data available

Upper explosion limit: 10.3 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 2.7 %(V)

49 °C - closed cup

316 °C

at 1,013.25 hPa No data available No data available

Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 0.84 mPa.s at 25 °C 107 g/l at 15 °C - slightly solubleHydrolysis

log Pow: ca.-0.5 at 20 °C - Bioaccumulation is not

expected.

13 hPa at 36 °C 1.08 g/cm3 - lit. No data available No data available No data available No data available

none



Surface tension

31.93 mN/m at 25 °C

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Can violently decompose at elevated temperatures Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

10.2 Chemical stability

Decomposes when moist.

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

ethanol

potassium permanganate

Strong oxidizing agents

perchloric acid

Nitric acid

hydrogen peroxide

chromium(VI) oxide

barium peroxide

peroxi compounds

ammonium nitrate

with

Nitric acid

Exothermic reaction with:

Ammonia

Potassium hydroxide

nitrates

Sodium hydroxide

Acetic acid, diluted

Violent reactions possible with:

Water

Possible formation of:

acetic acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Do not allow water to enter container because of violent reaction. Heating.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

Section 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Toxicological effects: Acute toxicity

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Acetic Anhydride

EAST HARBOUR GROUP

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 630 mg/kg

Remarks: (ECHA)

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 630 mg/kg (ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - > 0.5 - < 2 mg/l - vapor

(OECD Test Guideline 412)

Remarks: (ECHA)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 0.5001 mg/l - vapor

(ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value)

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - in vitro test

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rat

Result: Corrosive - 24 h Remarks: (ECHA)

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Acetic Anhydride



Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Additional Information

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

RTECS: AK1925000

burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Section 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - > 300.82 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 1,000 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Skeletonema costatum - > 300.82 mg/l - 72 h (ISO 10253)

Toxicity to bacteria

static test NOEC - Pseudomonas putida - 1,150 mg/l - 16 h Remarks: (ECHA)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

Zahn-Wellens Test - Exposure time 5 d Result: > 95 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 302B)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow <= 4).

12.4 Mobility in soil



No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. Notice Directive on waste 2008/98/EC.

Section 14: Transport Information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1715 IMDG: 1715 IATA: 1715

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ACETIC ANHYDRIDE IMDG: ACETIC ANHYDRIDE Acetic anhydride

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 (3) IMDG: 8 (3) IATA: 8 (3)

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no



14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code:

Further information: No data available

Section 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

National legislation

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the H2 **ACUTE TOXIC** European Parliament and of the Council

on the control of major-accident hazards

involving dangerous substances.

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Other regulations

Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations where applicable. Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

Section 16: Other Information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H302

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways;

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road;

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals;

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials;

bw - Body weight;

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant;

DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation;

DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada);

ECx - Concentration associated with x% response;

ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response;

EmS - Emergency Schedule;

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);

ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response;

GHS - Globally Harmonized System;

GLP - Good Laboratory Practice;

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer;

IATA - International Air Transport Association;



IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;

IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration;

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization;

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China;

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods;

IMO - International Maritime Organization;

ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan);

ISO - International Organisation for Standardization;

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory;

LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population;

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose);

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;

n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified;

NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level;

NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate;

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals;

OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;

OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention;

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance;

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances;

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship;

REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail;

SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature;

SDS - Safety Data Sheet;

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory;

TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory;

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States);

UN - United Nations;

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods;

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative