

## Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Ethylene dichloride (EDC)

CAS Number: 107-06-2 EC Number: 203-458-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Industrial purposes, Isolated intermediate

Restricted to professional users.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: East Harbour Group Ltd

20 Clough Road, Severalls Industrial Park

Colchester, Essex, CO4 9QS

United Kingdom

**Telephone:** +44 (0) 333 242 0100

Email: <a href="mailto:info@eastharbourgroup.com">info@eastharbourgroup.com</a>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: 0800 246 1274

## Section 2: Hazardous identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

Flam. Liq. 2; H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute Tox. 4; H302, Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation. Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3; H335, May cause respiratory irritation.

Carc. 1B; H350, May cause cancer.

## 2.2 Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statement(s)** 

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. (H225)



Harmful if swallowed. (H302) Causes skin irritation. (H315) Causes serious eye irritation. (H319) May cause respiratory irritation. (H335) May cause cancer. (H350)

Precautionary statement(s)

General

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)

Wear face protection/protective gloves/protective clothing. (P280)

**Response** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

(P305+P351+P338)

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. (P308+P313)

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235)

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation (P501)

Hazardous substances 1,2-dichlorethan

Additional labelling Restricted to professional users.

UFI: 4489-SHUG-WVGS-U2YD

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Additional warnings

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
1,2-dichlorethan	CAS No.: 107-06-2	100 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1],
	EC No.: 203-458-1		Acute Tox. 4, H302	[2],
	UK-REACH:		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[4],
	Index No.: 602-012-00-7		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[5]
			STOT SE 3, H335	
			Carc. 1B, H350	

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable. This product is a substance.

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

## Other information

- [1] European occupational exposure limit.
- [2] Substance is on the list of substances subject to authorization under the UK REACH Regulations (Annex XIV).
- [4] Substance is listed in Annex I of the Prior Informed Consent Regulation (PIC, Regulation (EU)



649/2012).

[5] Substance is included in the Candidate List of substances of very high concern (SVHC).

## Section 4: First aid measures

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

## Inhalation

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

## Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

## Eye contact

If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

#### Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

#### **Burns**

Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Irritation effects

This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

#### **Neurotoxic effects**

This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

# Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.



## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist. Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fireextinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Halogenated compounds

Carbon oxides (CO / CO2)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice. Hazchem Code: 2YE

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.



Use explosion-proof [electrical/lighting/ventilating] equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition.

Recommended storage material

Keep only in original packaging. Dry, cool and well ventilated

Storage temperature Incompatible materials

Alkaline metals

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

1,2-dichlorethan

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 5

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 21

**Annotations** 

Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin and lead to systemic toxicity.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

## **DNEL**

### 1,2-dichlorethan

-1		
Duration:	Route of exposure	DNEL
Long term - Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	62.4 mg/kg bw/day
Long term - Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	62,4 mg/kg bw/day
Long term - Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	2.9 μg/m³
Long term - Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	6.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term - Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	6.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## **PNEC**

### 1,2-dichlorethan

1,2-416111016111411		
Route of exposure	Duration of Exposure	PNEC
Air		3.4 µg/m³
Freshwater	H	1.1 mg/L
Freshwater		1,1 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		11.1 mg/kg
Freshwater sediment		11,1 mg/kg dw
Intermittent release (freshwater)		1.36 mg/L



Marine water	110 μg/L
Marine water	110 μg/l
Marine water sediment	1.11 mg/kg
Marine water sediment	1,11 mg/kg dw
Predators	8.33 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	27.8 mg/L
Sewage treatment plant	27, 8 mg/l
Soil	1.8 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work

area.

**Exposure scenarios**There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product. **Exposure limits**Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum

concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

**Appropriate technical measures**Do not recirculate outlet air that contain the substances.

The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked.

Apply standard precautions during use of the product.

Avoid inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures

Measures to avoid environmental

**Exposure** 

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Generally** Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.

**Respiratory Equipment** 

Туре	Class	Colour	Standards	
A	Class 3 (High Capacity)	Brown	EN14387	6

Skin protection

okiii protection			
Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-		R

Hand protection

Talla Di Gradiani					
Material	Glove thickness	Breakthrough	Standards		
	(mm)	time			



		(min.)		
Butyl	0.7	> 480	EN374-2, EN374-3, EN388, EN421	
Nitrile	0.2	> 480	EN374-2, EN374-3, EN388	

Eye protection

Туре	Standards	
Face shield alternatively safety glasses with side shields	EN166	

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidColourColourlessOdour / Odour thresholdChloroform

**pH** Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product.

Density (g/cm³) 1.25

**Kinematic viscosity**Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product.

Particle characteristics Not applicable - product is a liquid.

Phase changes

Melting point/Freezing point (°C) - 36 °C

**Softening point/range** Does not apply to liquids.

(waxes and pastes) (°C)

Boiling point (°C) 83.6

Vapour pressure 102.47 hPa (25 °C)

**Relative vapour density**Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product.

Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product.

Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product.

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C)

Flammability (°C) The material is ignitable.

**Auto-ignition temperature (°C) 440 Lower and upper explosion limit**6.2 - 16

(% v/v)

**Solubility** 

Solubility in water 7,9 g/L n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow) 1.45



**Solubility in fat (g/L)**Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product.

9.2. Other information
Oxidizing properties
Other physical and chemical
parameters

Testing not relevant or not possible due to the nature of the product. No data available.

# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure. Sunlight Moisture

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkaline metals

Strong oxidizing agents

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

## **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as retained and amended in UK law

Acute toxicity

Product/substance 1,2-dichlorethan
Test method OECD 401
Species Mouse
Route of exposure Oral
Test LD50
Result 413 mg/kg

Product/substance 1,2-dichlorethan
Test method OECD 403
Species Rat

SpeciesRatRoute of exposureInhalationTestLC50Result7.8 mg/l

**Product/substance** 1,2-dichlorethan

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE (EDC)**



Test method OECD 402
Species Rat
Route of exposure Dermal
LD50
Result 4890 mg/kg

Harmful if swallowed.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

## Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

## STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Long term effects

Carcinogenic effects: This product contains substances considered or proven to be carcinogenic. The carcinogenic effects may be triggered subsequent to exposure through inhalation, skin contact or ingestion.

#### Irritation effects

This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

#### **Neurotoxic effects**

This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.



## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to health.

#### Other information

1,2-dichlorethan has been classified by IARC as a group 2B carcinogen.

# **Section 12: Ecological Information**

12.1 Toxicity

**Product/substance** 1,2-dichlorethan **Test method** 0ECD 203

**Species** Fish, Pimephales promelas

**Duration** No data available.

Test LC50 Result 136 mg/l

Product/substance 1,2-dichlorethan Test method OECD 201

Species Algae, Desmodesmus subspicatus

**Duration** No data available.

Test EC50 Result 166 mg/l

**Product/substance** 1,2-dichlorethan

Species Crustacean, Daphnia magna

**Duration** No data available.

Test EC50 Result 160 mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the environment.

# 12.7. Other adverse effects

None known.



## **Section 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste. (\*)

- HP 3 Flammable
- HP 4 Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage)
- HP 5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity
- HP 6 Acute toxicity
- HP 7 Carcinogenic

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

#### FWC code

16 03 05\* Organic wastes containing dangerous substances

## Specific labelling

# **Contaminated packing**

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

# **Section 14: Transport Information**

14.1 UN-Number ADR, IMDG, IATA

UN1184

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE IMDG ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE

14.3 Hazard class(es)

ADR Transport hazard class: 3

Label: 3+6.1

Classification code: FT1

**IMDG** Transport hazard class: 3

Label: 3+6.1

Classification code: FT1

IATA Transport hazard class: 3

Label: 3+6.1

Classification code: FT1



ADR || IMDG || IATA || I

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR No IMDG No





IATA No

Other information

ADR Limited quantities: 1L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

See below for additional information.

IMDG Limited quantities: 1L

EmS: F-E S-D

See below for additional information.

See below for additional information

**IATA** See below for additional information.

#### **Additional information**

ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.

IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

Hazchem Code: 2YE

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

### **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application

Restricted to professional users.

People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

## **Demands for specific education**

No specific requirements.

## SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances

P5c - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, Qualifying quantity (lowertier): 5.000 tonnes / (upper-tier): 50.000 tonne

#### UK-REACH, Annex XVII

1,2-dichlorethan is subject to UK-REACH restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40).

## **Additional information**

Not applicable.

#### Sources

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999.



The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013. Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations 2015.

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

### **Section 16: Other Information**

# Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

**H225** Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**H350** May cause cancer.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

**ADN** European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterway

ADR The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF Bioconcentration Factor
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CE Conformité Européenne (European conformity)

**CLP** Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR Chemical Safety Report
DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level

**EINECS** European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

**ES** Exposure Scenario

**EUH statement** CLP-specific Hazard statement

**EuPCS** European Product Categorisation System

**EWC** European Waste Catalogue

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)

IATA International Air Transport Association

**IBC** Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development



PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN REACH Registration Number
SCL A specific concentration limit
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

STOT-RE Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

**TWA** Time weighted average

**UN** United Nations

UVBC Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

**vPvB** Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Additional information**

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.